



EST. 1977

Cypress Creek FFA Invitational Veterinary Science Practicum

1. What is the first step you must take before removing sutures?
 - a. Counting sutures
 - b. Informing the veterinarian of any problems with the incision site
 - c. Washing hands
 - d. Inspecting the incision site for drainage, redness, and swelling
2. What tool should you choose to remove sutures?
 - a. Tweezers
 - b. Scissors
 - c. Suture scissors
 - d. Scalpel
3. Which hand holds the forceps during the suture removal process?
 - a. Dominant hand
 - b. Non-dominant hand
 - c. Both hands
 - d. It doesn't matter which hand
4. What should you hold in your dominate hand while removing the surutes?
 - a. Forceps
 - b. Scissors
 - c. Gauze
 - d. None of the above
5. When removing sutures what size gauze should ple placed close to the incision cite?
 - a. 2X2
 - b. 2X4
 - c. 3X3
 - d. 3X2
6. How should you cut the suture during removal?
 - a. Cut in a jagged motion
 - b. Cut as far away from the skin as possible
 - c. Cut under the knot as close to the skin as possible
 - d. Cut perpendicular to the skin
7. What is the final step after removing sutures?
 - a. Counting removed sutures
 - b. Washing hands
 - c. Informing the veterinarian of any problems
 - d. Placing used sutures on gauze square
8. If when inspecting the incision site, you noticed problems what should you do?
 - a. Wash the incision site
 - b. Inform the veterinarian of the problem
 - c. Wash your hands
 - d. Put on gloves

9. What type of motion should you use when pulling the suture out of the tissue?
- a. Quick jagged motion
 - b. A continuous motion
 - c. Intermittent motion
 - d. As quickly as possible
10. T/F You should place used suture on the gauze square when removing it from the patient?
- a. True
 - b. False